

# POPULAR ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Richard A. Mallonn II • Auditor, City of Canton



For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

# CITY OF CANTON

## *CITY OFFICIALS*

### *City Auditor*

**Richard A Mallonn II**  
*Phone (330) 489-3226*

### *Council Members* *Phone (330) 489-3223*

**Allen Schulman, President**

**James Babcock  
David Dougherty  
Kevin Fisher  
James Griffin  
Richard Hart  
Gergory Hawk**

**Edmond Mack  
John Mariol II  
Frank Morris  
Chris Smith  
William Smuckler  
Thomas West**

### *Mayor*

**William J Healy II**  
*Phone (330) 489-3291*

### *City Treasurer*

**Kim R Perez**  
*Phone (330) 489-3261*

### *Law Director*

**Joseph Martuccio**  
*Phone (330) 489-3251*

### *Clerk of Courts*

**Phil Giavasis**  
*Phone (330) 489-3203*

### *Municipal Court Judges*

**Mary A. Falvey  
Richard J. Kubilus  
John J. Poulos  
Stephen F. Belden**  
*Phone (330) 489-3078*

# **City of Canton, Ohio**

**Popular Annual**

**Financial Report**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Richard A Mallonn II  
*City Auditor*

Prepared by the City Auditor's Office

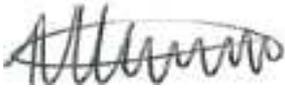
## Message from the Auditor

It is with great pleasure and a desire to make our finances easier to understand, that we present the City of Canton Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) for the year ending December 31, 2013. I would like to thank the Citizens of Canton for allowing me the opportunity to provide these services for them.

As City Auditor I feel my primary responsibility is to assure the integrity of the City's financial system. I am responsible for assuring all expenditures are made in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws. As auditor and a former member of City Council, I have seen the benefit of timely financial information especially in the volatile economic times the City presently finds itself in. I feel this (PAFR) provides City Council, administrators, employees and our citizens the tools necessary to effectively communicate our financial conditions as we move forward.

The Popular Annual Financial Report is a project for which we encourage and ask for your continued support. Any individual with questions, comments and/or suggestions regarding this report is encouraged to contact my office at (330) 489-3226

Thank you



Richard A Mallonn II  
Auditor, City of Canton

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June 30, 2014



## Citizens of the City of Canton, Ohio

We are pleased to present the City of Canton, Ohio's Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This report provides an analysis of the financial position of the City, where the revenues come from to operate the City and where those same dollars are spent. Above all else, our goal is to better communicate the results of financial operations from the City in a more easily understandable report.

The PAFR is intended to summarize the financial activities of the City of Canton and was drawn from the financial information appearing in the 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The financial statements appearing in the CAFR were prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited by the State Auditor Mary Taylor's office receiving an unqualified (or clean) opinion. The numbers within the CAFR were arrived at by employing accrual and modified accrual accounting techniques as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial information presented in the CAFR goes into much greater detail on the City's financial status at the end of 2013. Among other things, it provides greater detail on the individual funds the City uses and presents information on where the City is going in the future. For readers wishing to obtain a complete copy of the City's CAFR contact the Auditor's Office at 218 Cleveland SW, Canton, Ohio 44702, (330) 489-3226. A complete version of the CAFR and PAFR is available on the City's website [www.cityofcanton.com](http://www.cityofcanton.com).

Canton's PAFR is un-audited and presented on a GAAP basis consistent with the rules defined by GASB. The major differences between GAAP and non-GAAP reporting deals with the presentation of segregated funds as well as full disclosure of all material financial and non-financial events in notes to the financial statements. Since the amounts in the PAFR are drawn from the larger CAFR, the method of accounting employed is the same except where noted within the report. The statements contained on pages nine and ten, as well as references to the individual amounts on all intervening pages, contain all funds used by the City to account for its financial affairs as well as comparative statements from 2012 unless otherwise noted within the report. Citizens who desire to review audited GAAP basis, full disclosure financial statements, or information on the City's component unit (which is not included in this document) should refer to the City's audited financial statements, which is contained in the CAFR and available from the City's Auditor's Office.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to the City of Canton for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports.

In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

The Popular Annual Financial Report of the City of Canton, Ohio is presented as a means of increasing public awareness of the operations for the City. Citizens deserve accountability for the use of their tax dollars and this report is designed to provide a vehicle for a better understanding of the City's finances. We are proud to serve the citizens of Canton and consider this report to be a notable achievement as we seek to increase the level of accountability offered to our taxpayers. We urge your support of this project and appreciate your taking the time to review its contents. Do not hesitate to contact us with any question or comments at (330) 489-3226.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Richard A. Mallonn II".

Richard A Mallonn II  
City Auditor  
City of Canton, Ohio



Government Finance Officers Association

# Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting

Presented to

**City of Canton  
Ohio**

For its Annual  
Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2012**

*Jeffrey R. Egan*  
Executive Director/CEO

## CITY BACKGROUND

The City of Canton is located in, and is the County Seat of, Stark County in northeastern Ohio, approximately 58 miles southeast of Cleveland, 23 miles south of Akron, and 94 miles west of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. It was incorporated as village in 1828, and became a city in 1854. The City's 2010 population of 73,007 placed it as the largest city in the County and the eighth largest in the State.

The City provides its residents with police protection, fire protection, street maintenance and repairs, building inspection, and parks and recreation with revenue derived primarily from taxes and small amounts of revenue generated from user fees. The City owns and operates its own water, sewer, and sanitation departments, which are funded solely through user fees.

The City has portions of four school districts within its corporation limits, the largest of which being Canton City Schools. The Canton City School District has two high schools, three middle schools, twelve elementary schools, an early college high school and an art academy. The City also has one four-year college, Malone University, located entirely within its corporate limits and has numerous colleges within commuting distance.

The City is home to numerous businesses, which have a large impact on the local economy, including the Timken Company, Republic Engineered Products, and Republic Storage. The City is probably best known for being the home of the Professional Football Hall of Fame and the week-long celebration that goes on during the annual enshrinement ceremony.

The City is served by two acute care hospitals, Aultman Hospital with 808 beds and Mercy Medical Center with 476 beds. City residents also have access to one Interstate highway, two U.S. highways, four state routes, a regional bus service, and a regional airport is located within the county.



BEST WESTERN – 177 & FAIRCREST AVE  
CANTON OHIO



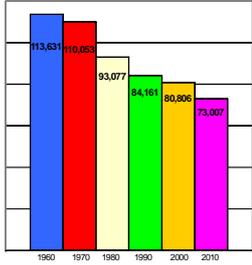
BEST WESTERN – 177 & FAIRCREST  
CANTON OHIO

## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

# TOTAL POPULATION BY DECADE

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

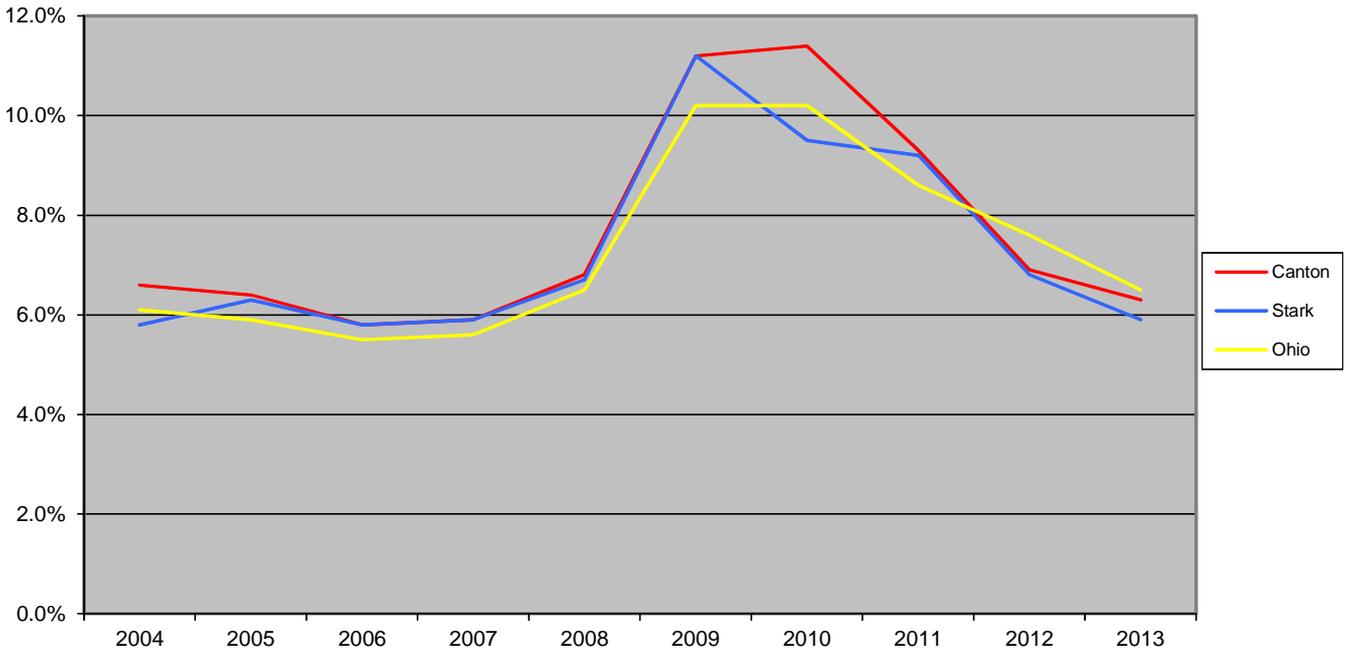


## City of Canton

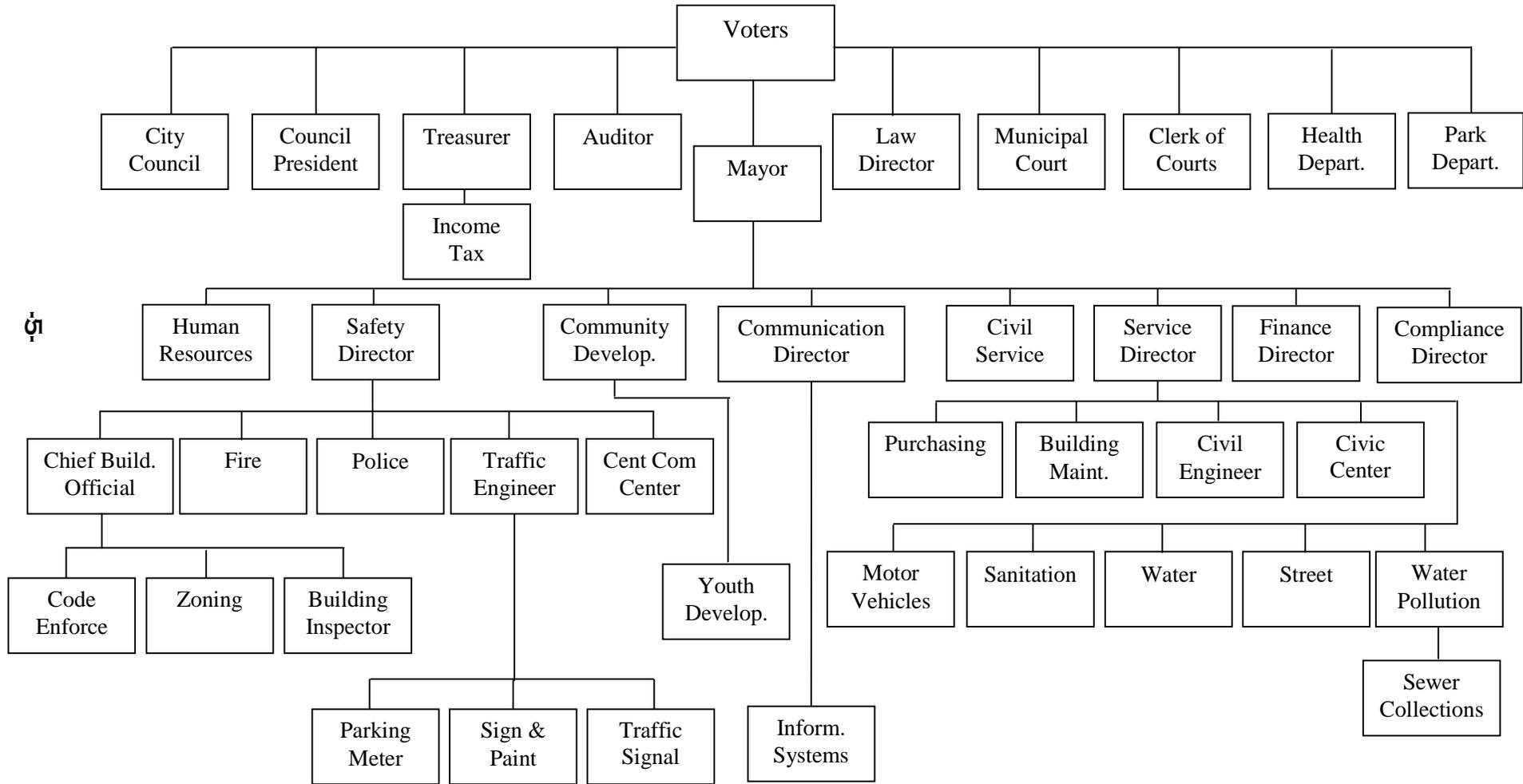
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

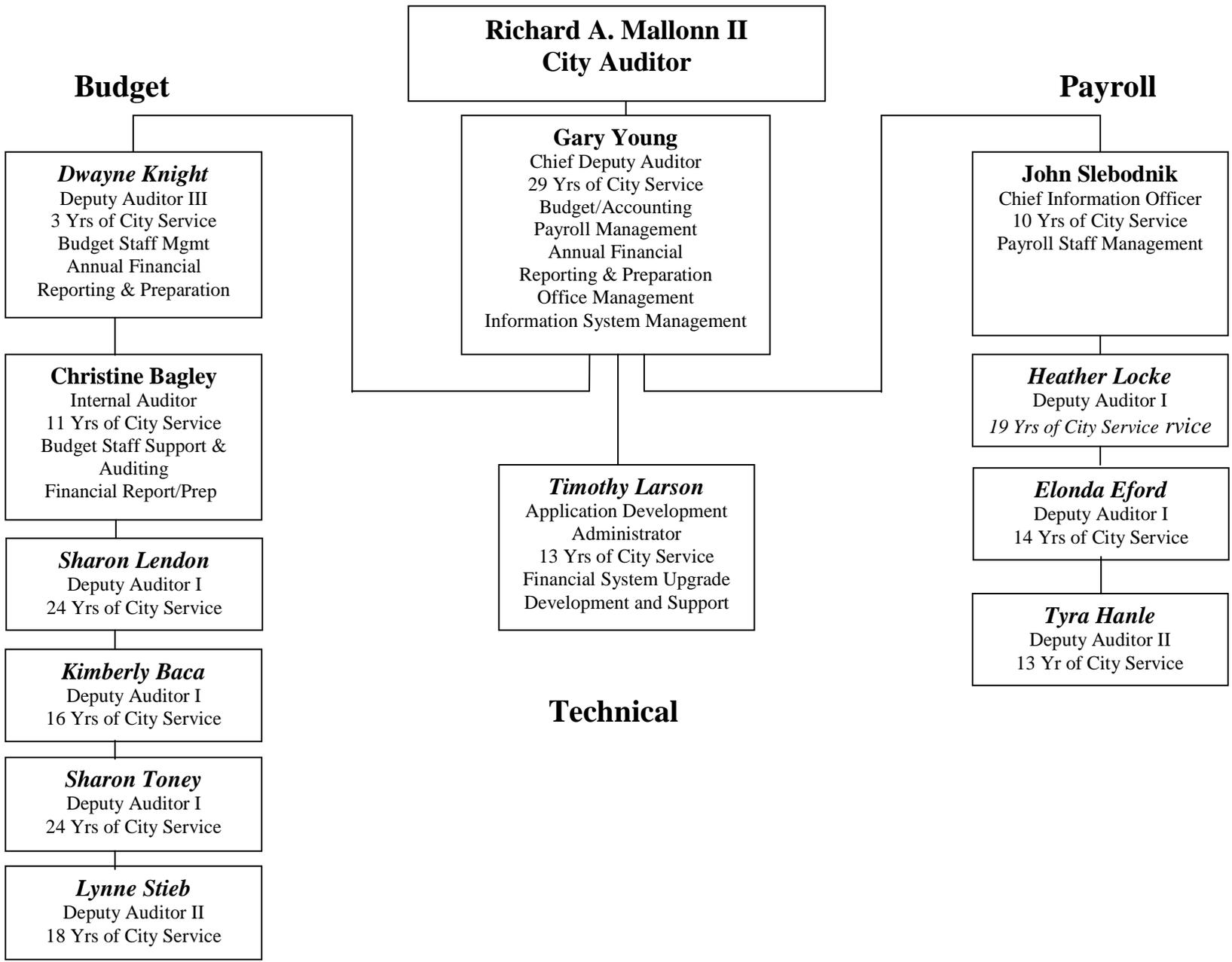
# CITY, COUNTY, AND STATE AVERAGE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Source: U.S. Department of Labor



# City of Canton Organizational Chart



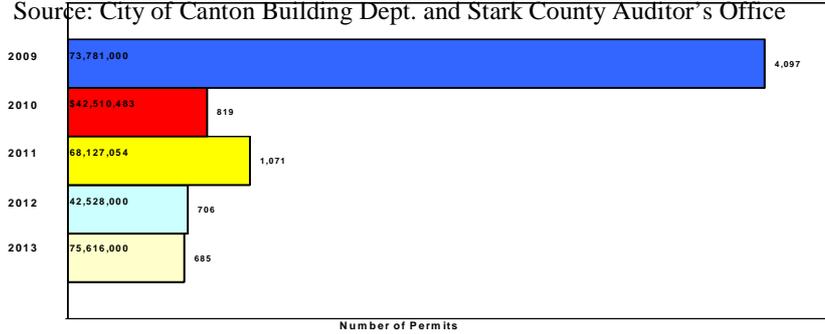


# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## PROPERTY VALUES & CONSTRUCTION PERMITS

Source: City of Canton Building Dept. and Stark County Auditor's Office



Represented in the graph above, is the total number of building permits issued since 2008, with the value of the projects for that year.



**STARK STATE**  
DOWNTOWN CANTON – CORNERSTONE - NEW \$13.8 MILLION INVESTMENT IN SHALE WORKFORCE EDUCATION COMPLEX

# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## PRIMARY PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Source: Stark County Auditor's Office

	Value of Property
Ohio Power Company	\$ 45,566,690
East Ohio Gas	3,932,650
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	3,743,680
Canton Business Park II LLC	3,665,760
Timken Company**	3,577,030
2010 Canton LLC	3,268,380
Republic Engineered Products Inc**	3,215,580
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	3,209,290
West Tuscarawas Property Mgmt LLC	3,000,010
Sno Frost Inc	2,572,630
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 75,751,700</b>

\*\*Top Ten Employers

## ASSESSED PROPERTY VALUES WITH NET CHANGE

Source: Stark County Auditor's Office

	Assessed Property Values	Percentage Change
2004	\$ 1,018,434,116	
2005	\$ 1,039,538,953	2.07%
2006	\$ 1,010,727,658	-2.77%
2007	\$ 1,055,242,673	4.40%
2008	\$ 993,257,116	-5.87%
2009	\$ 941,498,070	-5.21%
2010	\$ 875,505,940	-7.01%
2011	\$ 866,458,270	-1.03%
2012	\$ 736,006,480	-15.06%
2013	\$ 718,153,090	-2.43%



Pro Football Hall of Fame – Canton, Ohio - 2013 Expansion and Renovation

**City of Canton**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

**UTILITY OPERATIONS**

	<u>Water</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Refuse</u>
Operating Revenue	\$ 14,966,698	\$ 13,914,466	\$ 5,803,933
Nonoperating Revenue	<u>1</u>	<u>1,470</u>	<u>66,528</u>
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>14,966,699</b>	<b>13,915,936</b>	<b>5,870,461</b>
Operating Expenses	12,595,310	12,217,990	5,920,154
Nonoperating Expenses	<u>426,015</u>	<u>292,474</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>13,021,325</b>	<b>12,510,464</b>	<b>5,920,154</b>
<b>Net Revenues Over/ (Under) Expenses</b>	<b><u>\$ 1,945,374</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 1,405,472</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (49,693)</u></b>

The operating results for the Water, Sewer, and Refuse Departments for the year ending December 31, 2013 are presented on a full accrual GAAP basis.

**Revenue**

Operating Revenue – This is revenue generated directly from the services provided by each department.

Nonoperating Revenue – This is revenue the department receives that is not generated by providing services. An example is money gained or (lost) from selling an old piece of equipment.

**Expenses**

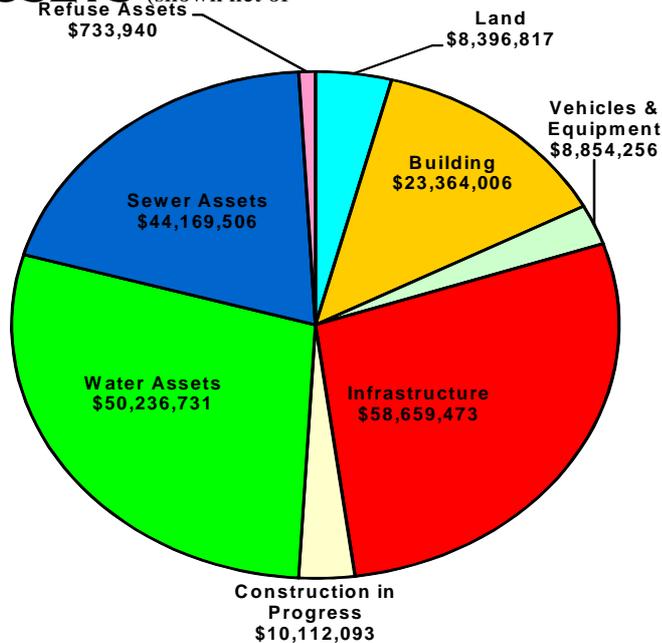
Operating Expenses – These are costs incurred by the department to provide a service.

Nonoperating Expenses – These are costs that are not created as a result of generating a service. An example is interest expenses incurred on long-term

**City of Canton**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

**TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS** (shown net of



# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (in millions)

	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 22.6	\$ 22.3
Receivables	27.8	31.8
Capital Assets, Net	107.8	107.3
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 158.2</b>	<b>\$ 161.4</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current and Other Liabilities	\$ 10.4	\$ 8.8
Due Within One Year	4.2	3.9
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within More Than One Year	13.9	18.3
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>28.5</b>	<b>31.0</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 127.9</b>	<b>\$ 128.5</b>

The Statement of Net Assets, also known as a “Balance Sheet”, reports assets (items available to provide services) against liabilities (amounts for which the City must pay in the future) and equity (the net value of the City’s assets after liabilities are subtracted). The Statement of Net Position reflects only Governmental Activities not Business-Type Activities (Water, Sewer, and Refuse) or the City’s component unit. Governmental Activities accounts for most of the City’s basic services like police, fire, mayor, capital improvement, vehicle acquisition, parks and recreation. Income taxes, property taxes, undivided local government, ambulance user fees and federal grants finance most of these activities. All numbers are reported on a full GAAP accounting basis and are compliant with GASB standards with one exception. Unrestricted and Restricted Net Assets were combined into one category called “Net Assets” in order to make the statement easier to read. The amounts shown employ the same method of accounting as and were summarized in the audited financial statements within the 2013 CAFR

### ANALYTICAL ANALYSIS

The charts on page 9 and 10 show continued recovery from the global recession, is gradually improving the state of the City’s finances. In 2013, the City saw a drop in its net position of over \$0.6 million dollars. The cause can be seen in the chart on page 10, which shows an overall increase in revenue of \$0.6 including decreased revenue; charges for service of \$2.8 million, Property Taxes of \$1.3, and intergovernmental of \$2.8 while experience increased revenue; income tax of \$1.4 million and capital grants and contributions of \$5.6 million. The City’s average yearly unemployment rate declined from 6.9% in 2012 to 6.3% in 2013 with similar trends at the county and state level. This incremental rebound provides reason for continued optimism that the gradual recovery continues to is translate into actual employment growth. The affects of the increased revenue have a positive affect on the City’s net assets as illustrated on page 10 and yet the net position continued to decline due to an increase in total expenses of \$0.8 million. This table detailing program expenses demonstrates that the City has increased spending on transportation \$0.6 million, community development of \$0.9 million, and leisure time activity of \$1.2 million, while decreasing expenses on general government of \$1.6 million and security of persons and property by \$0.2 million.

#### Assets

**Cash** – Cash represents how much actual cash the City has in its bank accounts at year-end.

**Receivables** – Receivables are the amounts of money owed to the City from outside entities, whether they are businesses or other governments. Receivables are expected to be collected within the following year.

**Capital Assets** – Capital Assets are items that can be used for several years. This category includes things such as vehicles, buildings, land, traffic lights, roads, and storm sewers.

#### Liabilities

**Current and Other Liabilities** – This amount represents what the City owes to other entities. Portions are owed to businesses, other governments, and the City’s own employees. This amount is expected to be paid off within a year.

**Long-Term Liabilities** – Long-Term Liabilities is the amount of money the city has borrowed by issuing tax-exempt bonds for various construction projects and now must pay back over time. The portion labeled Due Within One Year will be paid off next year. The remaining portion (Due Within More Than One Year) will paid off over several years. See page 15 for more details about debt.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources** arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

#### Net Assets

**Net Assets** – Net Assets are basically what you would have left if you had to use all of your assorted assets to payoff your liabilities.

# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

(in millions)

	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
<b>Revenues</b>		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 13.2	\$ 16.0
Operating Grants and Contributions	9.4	7.0
Capital Grants and Contributions	4.0	0.8
Total Program Revenues	26.6	23.8
General Revenues:		
City Income Taxes	45.7	44.3
Property Taxes	2.5	3.8
Intergovernmental	5.4	8.2
Interest and Investment Earnings	0.1	0.1
Other	2.0	1.5
Total General Revenues	55.7	57.9
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 82.3</b>	<b>\$ 81.7</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Program Expenses:		
General Government	\$ 16.7	\$ 18.3
Security of Persons and Property	37.2	37.4
Public Health	5.9	5.9
Transportation	13.3	12.7
Community Development	6.0	5.1
Leisure Time Activities	3.3	2.1
Interest on Long-Term Debt	0.5	0.6
<b>Total Program Expenses</b>	<b>82.9</b>	<b>82.1</b>
<b>Increase(Decrease) in Net Position</b>	<b>\$ (0.6)</b>	<b>\$ (0.4)</b>

The Statement of Activities, also known as an “Income Statement”, reflects how much money the city collected (revenue) versus how much it spent (expenses). In 2013, the City received \$0.6 million less than it spent. The Statement of Activities reflects only Governmental Activities not Business-Type Activities (Water, Sewer, and Refuse) or the City’s component unit. All numbers are reported on a full GAAP accounting basis and are compliant with GASB standards. The amounts shown employ the same method of accounting as and were summarized in the audited financial statements within the 2013 CAFR

### Revenues

(For a description of what program revenue and non-program revenue is see page 11.)

City Income Taxes – Represents how much money the City collects its 2% income tax on the gross wages of individuals living in or working within its corporate limits. The same 2% is imposed upon the net profits earned by businesses within the City.

Property Taxes – This is how much money the City collects during the year through taxes placed on properties located within the City.

Intergovernmental – This is how much money the City received from other governments such as the county, state, or federal government. The largest intergovernmental revenue is “Local Government” money, which is the City’s share of state taxes.

Grants and Contributions – This is money given to the City that is to be used for a specific purpose. The City receives grant money from the state government, federal government, and even private citizens. In order to receive the money, the City must agree to spend the money according to whatever guidelines the contributors setup.

Interest and Investment Earnings – This is the amount of interest the City receives on money it has in its various bank accounts.

Other – This accounts for miscellaneous receipts and reimbursements the City receives throughout the year.

### Expenses

For an explanation of what makes up the expense line items see page 12.

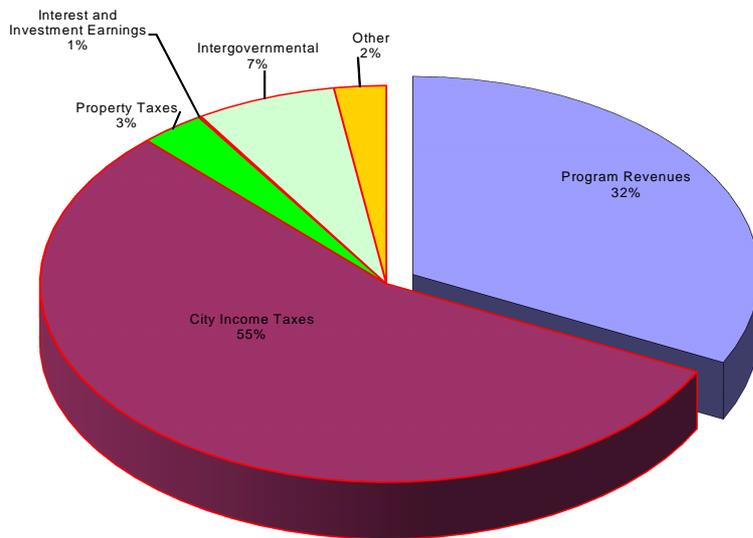
# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## REVENUE BREAKDOWN

Accounting rules dictate how governments report income or revenue. All income that a government brings in is broken into two categories, program revenue and non-program revenue. Program revenues are any monies a government earns as a charge for a direct service it provides. For example, the City of Canton operates several parking lots and two parking decks. The City charges a flat fee to park in city owned parking facilities. Non-program revenues are monies that the city receives without providing the person paying the money with a direct service. An example of non-program revenues would be the City's 2% percent income tax. Monies the City receive, from the tax, funds several services including Police and Fire Protection, but there is not a direct charge for a direct service relationship. Notice that only 32% of the City's revenue can be labeled program revenue with the rest being non-program revenue, and that slightly over half the City's total revenue comes from income taxes.

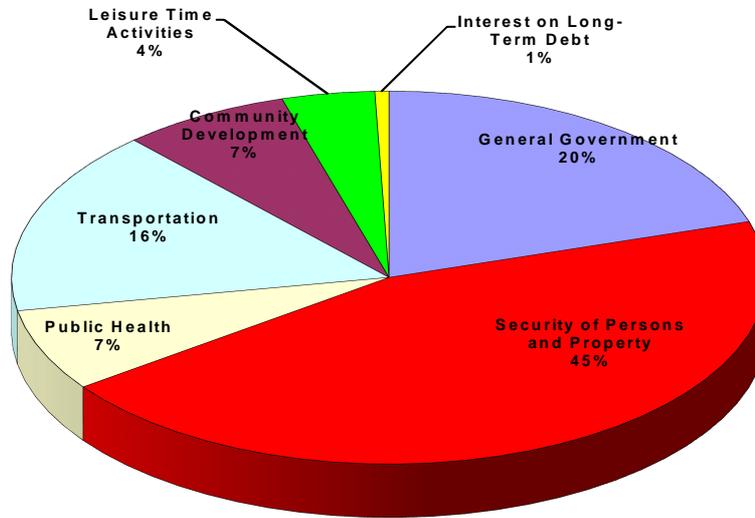
**Note:** Areas outlined in red make up non-program revenue



# City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

## EXPENSE BREAKDOWN



## EXPENSE CATEGORY DESCRIPTION

The following departments make up the expense categories listed above:

General Government – Included in this category are expenditures for the Mayor’s Office, Service Director, Human Resources, Youth Development, Civil Service Board, Zoning Board, Building Maintenance, Motor Vehicle Department, Information Systems Department, City Council, Municipal Court Judges, Clerk of Courts Office, Auditor’s Office, Law Department, Treasurer’s Office, and Income Tax Office.

Security of Persons and Property – Included in this category are expenditures for the Safety Director, Code Enforcement, School Crossing Guards, Central Communication System (911 Dispatch Center), Traffic Engineers and Parking Meters, Police Department, and Fire Department.

Public Health – Included in this category are expenditures for the Health Department, which includes nurses, labs, and environmental health administration.

Transportation – Included in this category are expenditures for the Civil Engineers and Street Department.

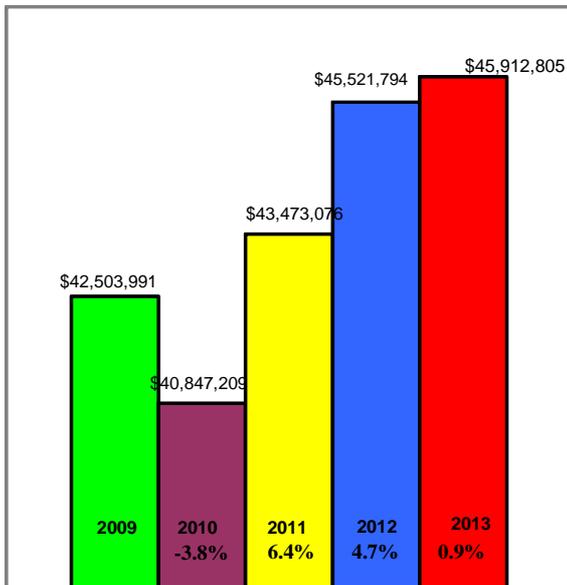
Community Development – Included in this category are expenditures for the Community and Economic Development Department.

Leisure Time Activities – Included in this category are expenditures for the Park Department, Munson Baseball Stadium and the Civic Center.

## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

### INCOME TAX COLLECTION ANALYSIS



Percentages denote of change from one year to the next

The City of Canton Income Tax is the City's primary source of revenue. City voters approved a tax increase in 1984 to 2%. Currently anyone living or working within the City limits is subject to this tax. The City allows credit for taxes paid after the 1<sup>st</sup> .15% to other municipalities. Revenue generated from the City's income tax goes to one of four funds. The first fund, the City Income Tax Fund, gets just enough money to cover the cost of operating the City Income Tax Dept. and to cover the cost of refunds. The amount of money left after the Income Tax Fund gets its share is split three ways with the General Fund getting 75%, the Capital Projects Fund getting 20%, and the Motor Vehicle Fund getting 5%. Each of these funds, as with all City funds, has an expressed purpose and any money in these funds can only be spent according to that purpose. The General Fund has the broadest purpose of all City funds. The General Fund pays for the majority of the City's basic operating expenses. General Fund monies is what enables the City to provide its residents with safety forces, service workers, parks and recreation, and many other basic services its citizens rely on. Consequently, the General Fund's primary expense is employee salaries. Roughly 84%

Fund expenses are for salaries and fringes for everyone from the Mayor to the average police officer on the street. The Capital Projects Fund pays for construction projects, major building renovations, and some pieces of equipment. Arguably the single most visible use of Capital Project dollars is street improvement projects. The Capital Project Fund pays for the materials, contractor costs, and the salaries of City employees associated with such projects. The Motor Vehicle Fund can be used to acquire, make lease payments on, or maintain City vehicles and radio communication equipment. The chart below as well as the two charts and graph on the facing page illustrate how the fund balance of three of the four funds most directly affected by the City's income tax have changed over the last five years.

## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

### GENERAL FUND OPERATIONS ANALYSIS

(Numbers presented on Modified Basis)

#### General Fund

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 7,695,889	\$ 4,672,611	\$ 4,730,733	\$ 6,291,527	\$ 9,063,230
Revenue	54,938,659	54,708,736	56,416,991	57,174,121	* 54,657,817
Expenditures	<u>62,001,937</u>	<u>54,610,614</u>	<u>54,812,197</u>	<u>54,343,425</u>	<u>55,296,233</u>
Gain (Loss)	(7,063,278)	98,122	1,604,794	2,830,696	(638,416)
Other Financing	4,040,000	(40,000)	(44,000)	(58,993)	(40,000)
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 4,672,611</u>	<u>\$ 4,730,733</u>	<u>\$ 6,291,527</u>	<u>\$ 9,063,230</u>	* <u>\$ 8,384,814</u>

\*=included in this amount is the \$658,649 adjustment to account for a restatement of anticipated revenue that was previously reimbursed from the Fire Operating Grant in 2012. This is consistent with the Beginning balance restatement as outlined in the 2013 CAFR Note Disclosures. Specifically Note 3B.

## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

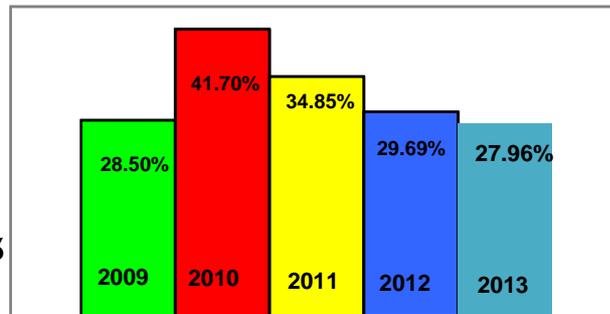
# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND OPERATIONS ANALYSIS

(Numbers presented on Modified Basis)

Capital Projects Fund	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 3,501,903	\$ 3,258,227	\$ 2,603,441	\$ 3,518,301	\$ 3,504,912
Revenue	8,179,820	7,957,681	9,099,738	8,674,626	8,977,902
Expenditures	<u>12,915,914</u>	<u>8,618,688</u>	<u>8,196,529</u>	<u>8,707,524</u>	<u>9,254,700</u>
Gain (Loss)	(4,736,094)	(661,007)	903,209	(32,898)	(276,798)
Other Financing	4,492,418	6,221	11,651	19,509	9,219
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 3,258,227</u>	<u>\$ 2,603,441</u>	<u>\$ 3,518,301</u>	<u>\$ 3,504,912</u>	<u>\$ 3,237,333</u>

When the City cannot afford to completely pay for a project up front, it takes out debt to finance it. Since the Capital Project Fund is supposed to pay for such projects, it takes on the responsibility of making debt payments when a project is financed. The graph below represents the percentage of Capital expenditures that went to debt principle and interest payments. For a complete explanation of the types of debt the City can take out and what debt it has, see page 15.

## CAPITAL PROJECT FUND DEBT BURDEN ANALYSIS



## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

# MOTOR VEHICLE FUND OPERATIONS ANALYSIS

(Numbers presented on Modified Basis)

Motor Vehicle Fund	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 1,822,414	\$ 411,104	\$ 1,045,056	\$ 823,311	\$ 958,072
Revenue	2,015,139	1,956,290	2,074,095	2,159,692	2,332,643
Expenditures	<u>4,381,743</u>	<u>1,352,892</u>	<u>2,315,783</u>	<u>2,041,388</u>	<u>1,817,672</u>
Gain (Loss)	(2,366,604)	603,398	(241,688)	118,304	514,971
Other Financing	955,294	30,554	19,943	16,457	25,853
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 411,104</u>	<u>\$ 1,045,056</u>	<u>\$ 823,311</u>	<u>\$ 958,072</u>	<u>\$ 1,498,896</u>

## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

### SUMMARY OF DEBT TYPES

**General Obligation Bonds** – General Obligation Bonds are long-term debts which are repaid from the City’s available resources and for which the City pledges its full faith and credit.

**Loans** – The City has the ability to take out low interest loans from entities like the State Infrastructure Bank and the Federal Housing and Urban Development Department for various projects in the City. The HUD, SIB, and Urban Redevelopment loans are three such loans. The HUD loan was used to build the Cornerstone Parking Deck, the SIB loan was for Market Avenue Streetscape, and the Redevelopment Loan was used to build the Millennium Parking deck.

**OWDA & OPWC** – OWDA and OPWC loans are low interest loans made to the City for Water and/or Sewer projects only by the Ohio Water Development Authority and Ohio Public Works Commission. Payments are due every six months.

**Compensated Absences** – The accumulated cost associated with authorized employee fringes, including accumulated sick time, unused compensatory time, unused perfect attendance days, banked vacation, and unused vacation. Sick time is calculated based on probability of payout consistent with the terms of retirement.

**Capital Lease** – The accumulated cost of purchasing an asset (equipment) utilizing timed payments over a period of time culminating with the City’s eventual ownership of the asset.

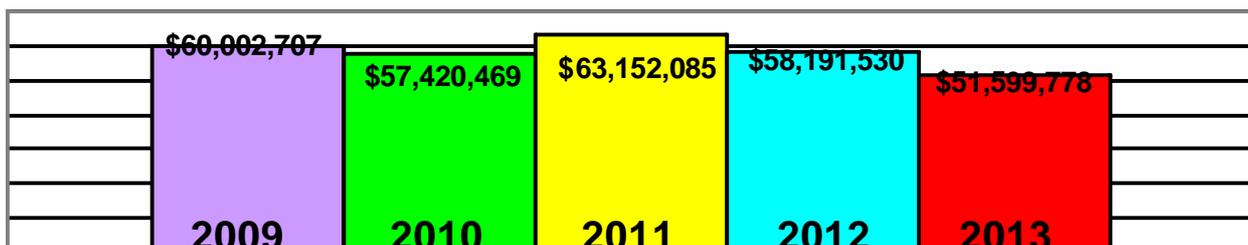
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

### DEBT ACTIVITIES

	Balance 12/31/12	Adds (Issued)	Deletes (Retired)	Balance 12/31/13	Due Within One Year
<i>Governmental Activities</i>					
General Obligation Bonds	11,540,165	-	2,375,578	9,164,587	2,467,817
OWDA Loan	49,143	-	1,710	47,433	2,213
SIB Loan	560,565	-	83,617	476,948	80,548
Urban Redevelopment Loan	427,992	-	137,107	290,885	142,591
OPWC Loan	747,035	-	65,087	681,948	65,087
Compensated Absences	6,831,946	357,788	1,014,640	6,175,094	1,016,726
Capital Lease	197,607	-	18,236	179,371	179,371
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b>20,354,453</b>	<b>357,788</b>	<b>3,695,975</b>	<b>17,016,266</b>	<b>3,954,353</b>
<i>Business-Type Activities</i>					
OPWC Loan	113,897	-	11,705	102,192	11,705
OWDA Loan	32,506,666	476,450	2,585,388	30,397,728	2,042,373
General Obligation Bonds	4,049,322	-	1,048,908	3,000,414	1,092,184
Compensated Absences	1,167,192	116,415	200,429	1,083,178	197,775
Capital Lease	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	<b>37,837,077</b>	<b>592,865</b>	<b>3,846,430</b>	<b>34,583,512</b>	<b>3,344,037</b>
<b>Total Debt</b>	<b>58,191,530</b>	<b>950,653</b>	<b>7,542,405</b>	<b>51,599,778</b>	<b>7,298,390</b>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

### HISTORICAL TOTAL DEBT COMPARISON

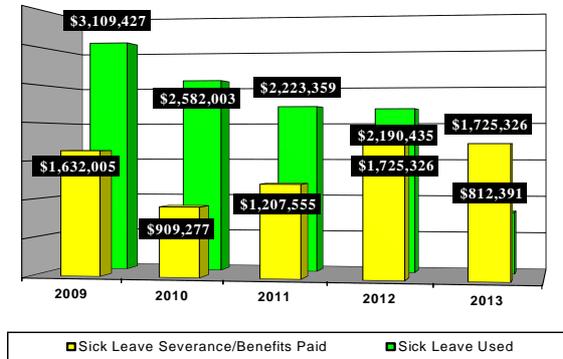


# EMPLOYEE BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS

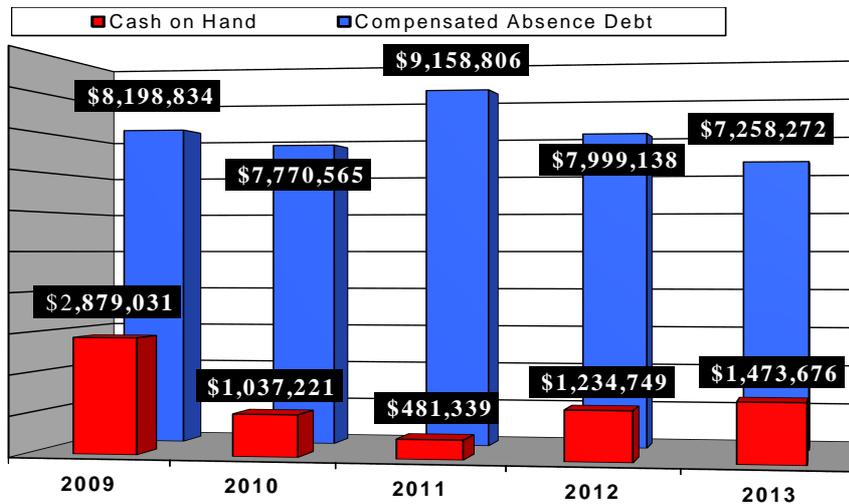
## City of Canton

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

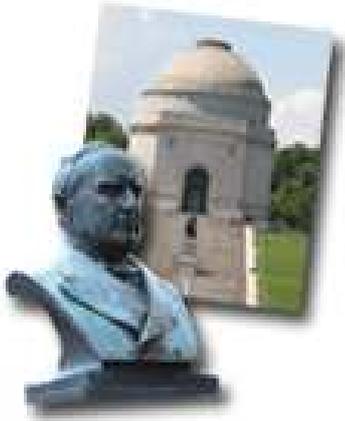
### Compensated Absences Costs



### Unfunded Compensated Absence Debt



The above graphs illustrate the costs associated with sick time and unfunded compensated absence debt. The top graph illustrates how much the City of Canton has paid in sick leave used as time off work and compensated absences severance/benefits as defined on page 15. Also included in the compensated absence retirement payments is sick leave paid to employees that, per their contract, are allowed to begin cashing out sick leave when they enter their final five years of service. These employees can choose to have a portion of their sick leave paid to them each year of their final five years of service as opposed to receiving a single lump sum after retirement. The bottom graph demonstrated how much compensated absence debt the City has carried for the last five years and how much cash reserves are dedicated to paying for the expense. Prior to 2004, the City did not have any mechanism to set aside cash to pay for its large compensated absence debt. As can be seen in the graph, the City's failed to fund additional contributions from 2009 thru 2011; however, the City has made significant strides in 2012 and 2013 by returning the premium to 125% of earned benefits and committing additional contributions of \$1,000,000 in 2012. In 2013, the City did not make additional contributions in excess of the 125% premium.



**McKinley National Monument**



**Pro Football Hall of Fame**



**McKinley Presidential Library and Museum**



# POPULAR ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CANTON, OHIO

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